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IFS post AS 2023 briefing

Online

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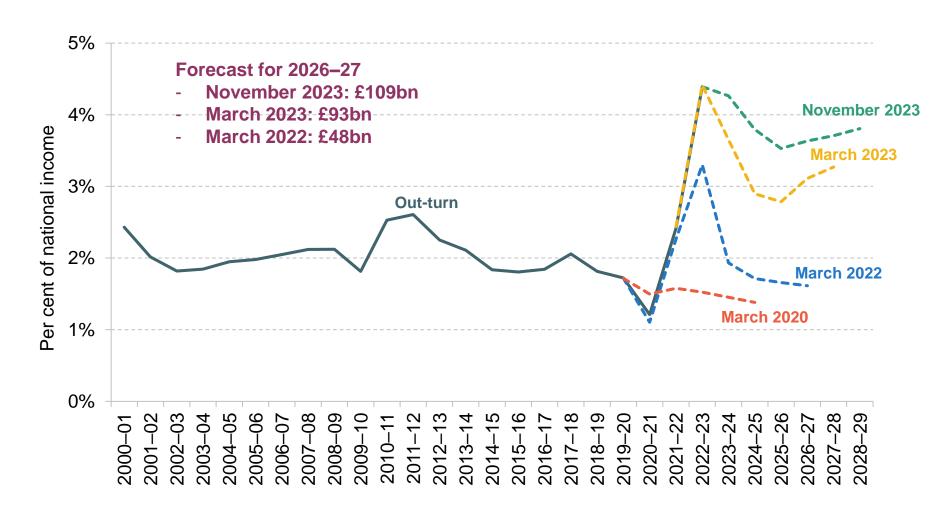




# Debt interest spending up





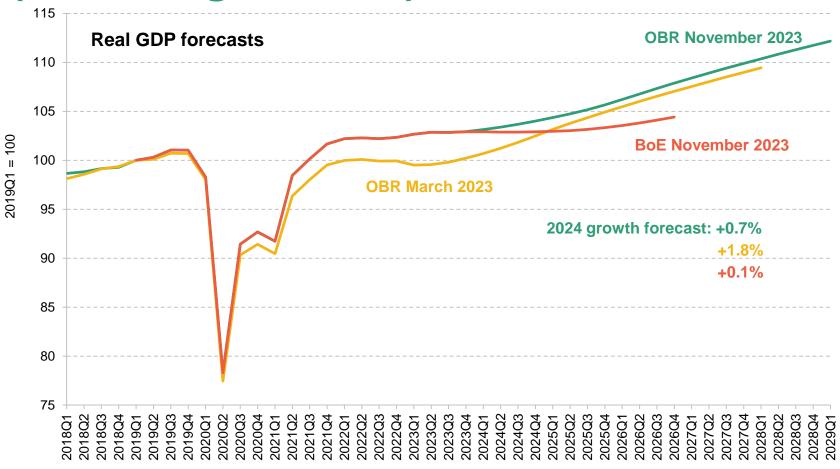


Source: OBR Economic and Fiscal Outlook

## Worsening growth outlook (from a higher base)



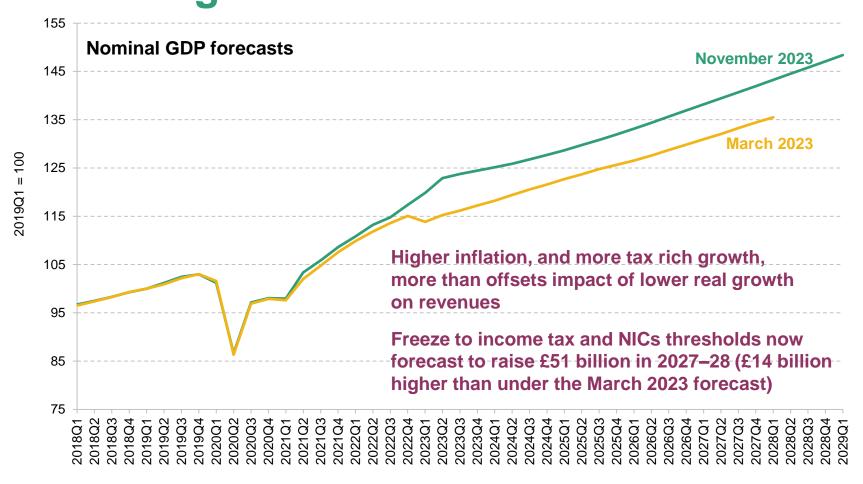




Source: OBR Economic and Fiscal Outlook, Bank of England Monetary Policy Report

# But with higher inflation boosting alies on nominal growth

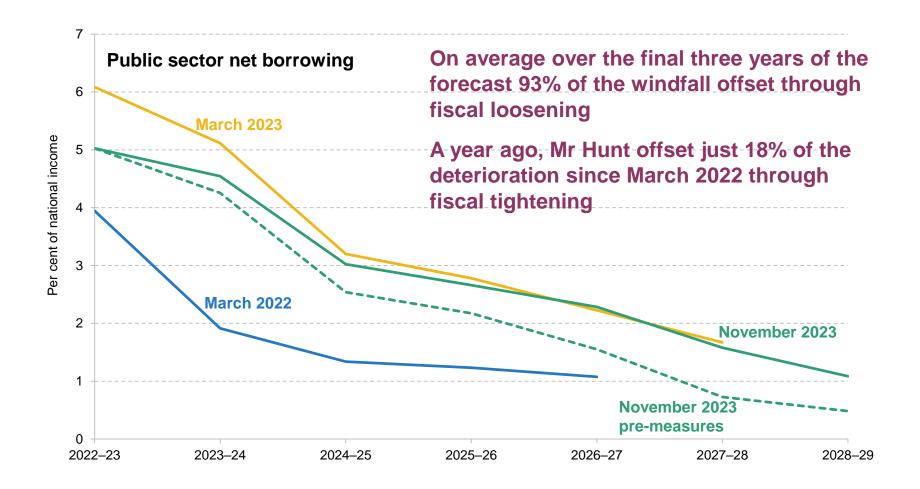




Source: OBR Economic and Fiscal Outlook

## All of the windfall spent...

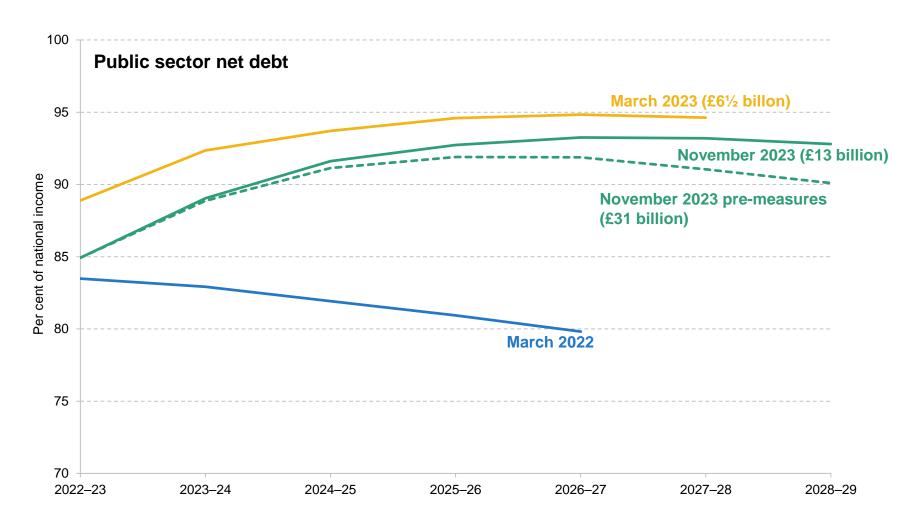




Source: OBR Economic and Fiscal Outlook

## Debt rising, then stable





Note: Public sector net debt excluding the Bank of England shown. Source: OBR Economic and Fiscal Outlook

#### The 'headroom' rollercoaster



- Pre-measures forecast, 17 November, 'headroom': +£31 billion
- Press reports suggests that on 4 October it was minus £19 billion
  - if true £50 billion improvement in just 44 days
- Policy decisions seem to be ridiculously fine tuned in response to changes in uncertain and volatile forecasts
- What goes up could go down. And the Budget could be 125 days away...

# How to lose £13 billion in 125 days...





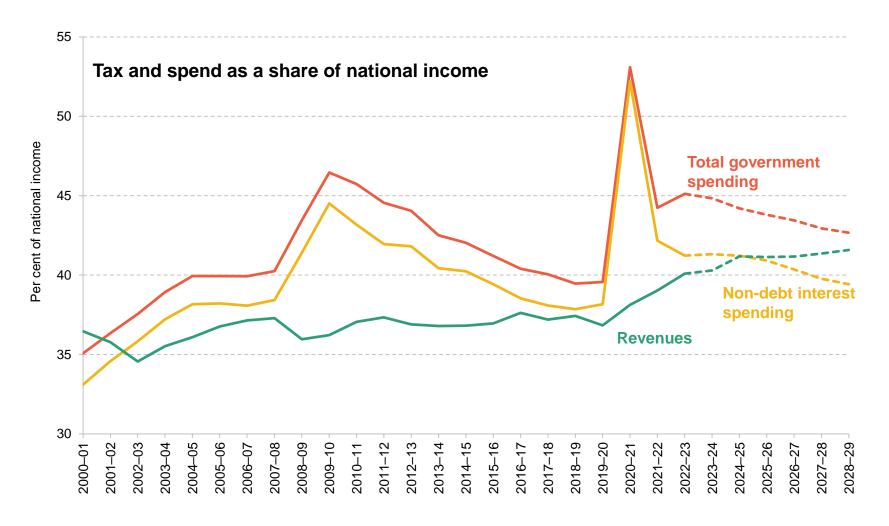
- Ways to increase borrowing in 2028–29:
  - freeze fuel duty rates from current level: £6.2 billion
  - make business rate relief for retail, hospitality and leisure sectors permanent: £2½ billion
  - avoid any cuts to day-to-day public service spending in next parliament: £20 billion

Raises questions about credibility of stated policy settings

# A bigger post pandemic state alies



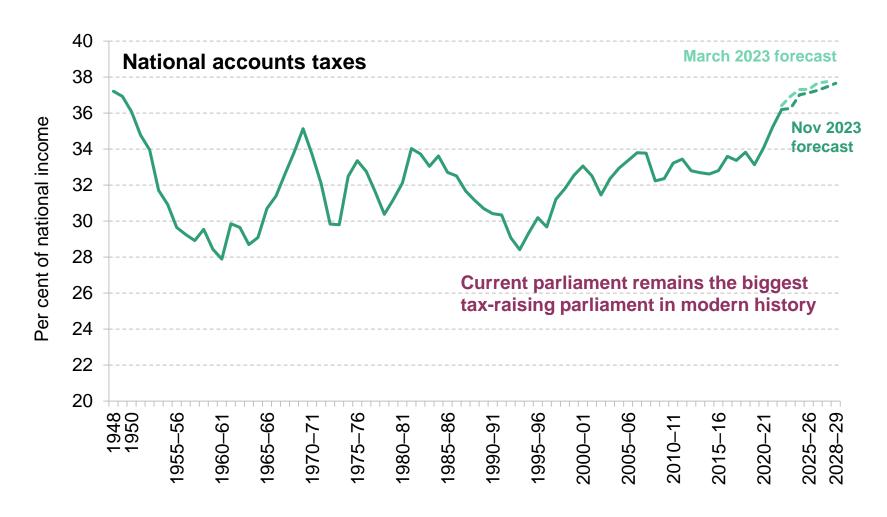




Source: OBR Economic and Fiscal Outlook

# (Still) a high tax government





Source: OBR Public Finances Databank (October 2023 & November 2023 (EFO edition)).

#### **Conclusions**



 Public finances hit by a growth forecast downgrade and a rise in debt interest costs

- More than offset by higher inflation boosting revenues while departmental allocations shrink in real terms
- Resulting windfall used to finance tax cuts, though taxes still rising sharply since 2019 to an all time UK high
- Debt remains barely on course to fall in five years time, even under questionable assumptions around policy settings