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Sam Ray-Chaudhuri

Personal taxes and benefits

@ThelFS



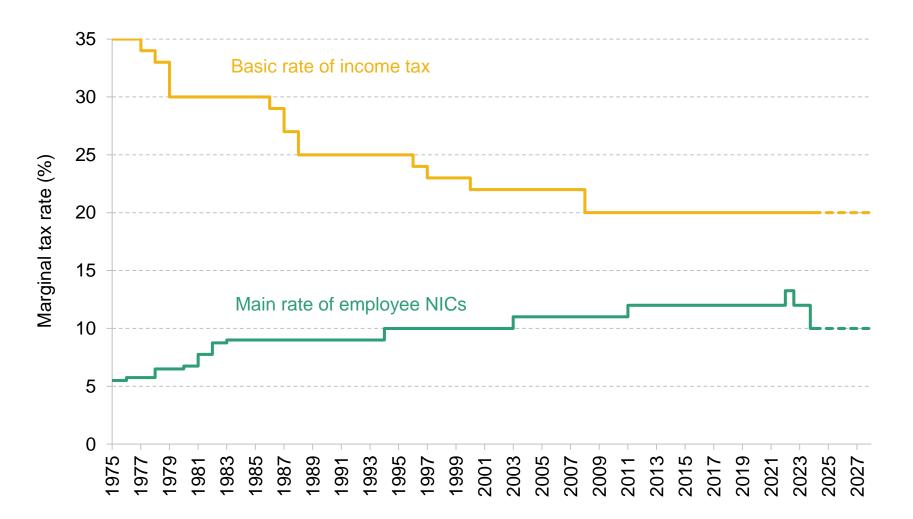
Cuts to National Insurance



- From January: Employee rate cut from 12% to 10% below upper earnings limit
- From April: Main self-employed rate cut from 9% to 8%, and flat rate Class 2 NICs abolished
 - Simplifies NICs for the self-employed
- Benefits nearly **30m** workers, at a cost of around **£10bn** per year
- Small giveaways in the context of tax threshold freezes since 2021
 - Giving back less than £1 of every £4 taken away

A change of direction





Notes: Horizontal axis shows April of the year in question. Assumes contracted into SERPS/S2P where relevant. Between 1985 and 1989 a range of NICs rates applied, between 5% and 9%.

Pensioners vs working age



- NICs cut does not benefit pensioners, since they don't pay NICs
- Also gained less from increases in personal allowance during 2010s
 - **50%** of over 65s paid tax in 2010, now **68%**

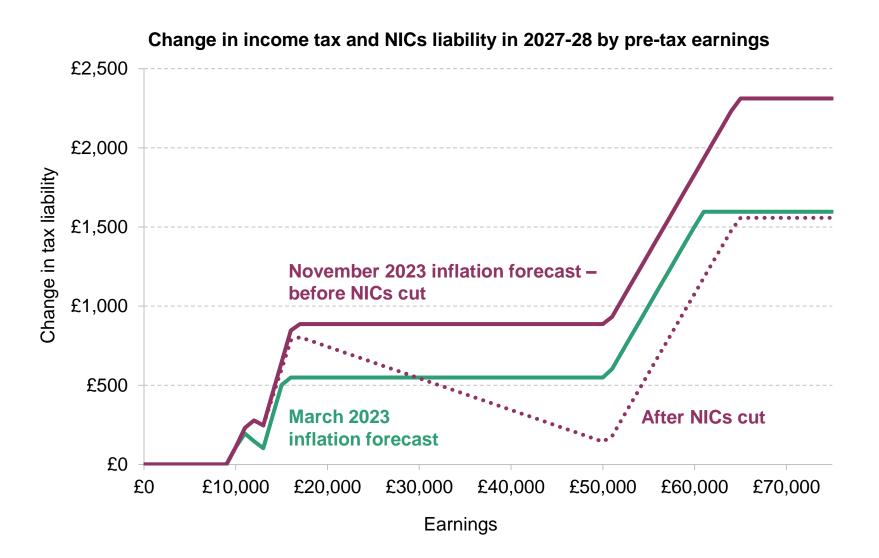
For an individual with £25,000 pre-tax income (2024-25 prices) :

- **2010-11:** Employee pays £4,849, pensioner pays £2,093
- **2024-25:** Employee pays £3,728, pensioner pays £2,486

Basic benefit entitlement for a pensioner and working-age person with no other income:

- **2010-11:** Working age receives £5,132, pensioner receives £10,397
- **2024-25:** Working age receives £4,705, pensioner receives £11,343

Rate cuts undo threshold freezes uneven MFS (CPP) HIGHER COPP

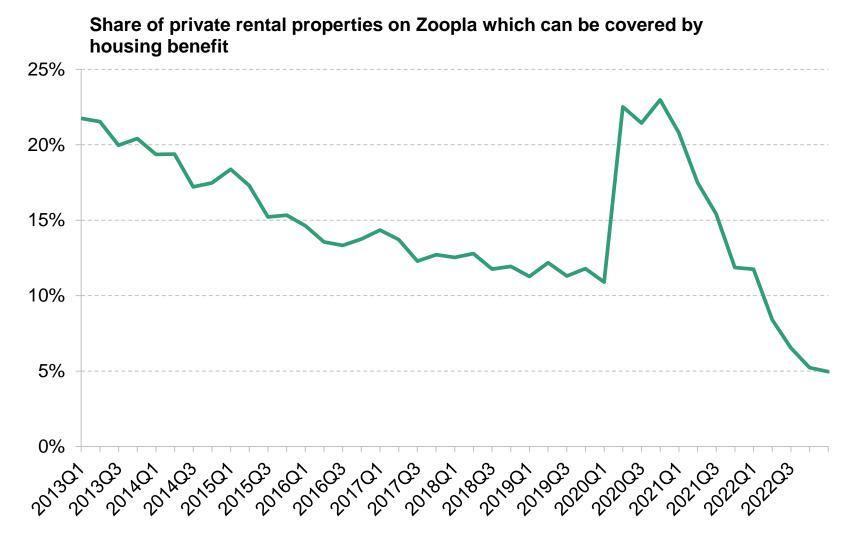


Support for private renters



- 40% of private renters receive support with their housing costs
- Since April 2020, caps on support (LHA rates) have been frozen
- At a time of rapidly rising rents this has created huge affordability pressures
- Extent varies across areas since rents have grown differentially

Declining housing support



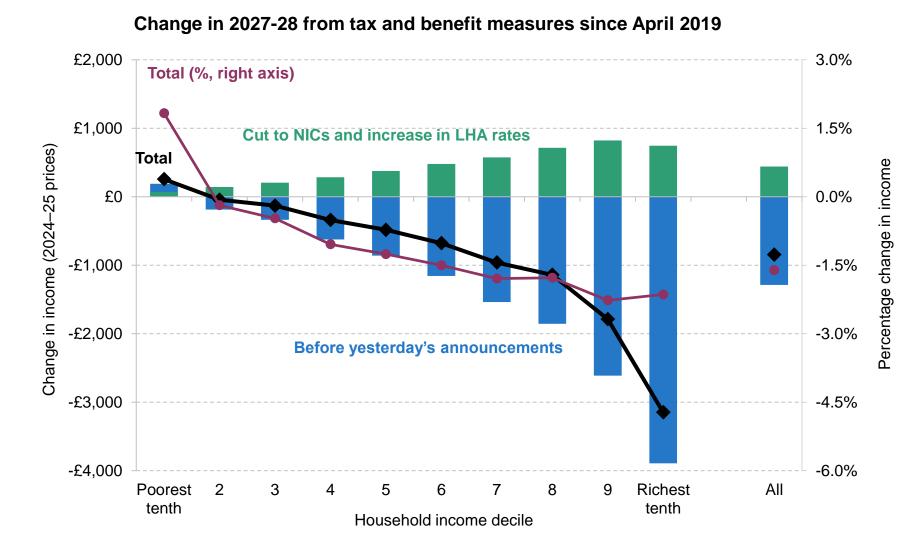
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Support for private renters

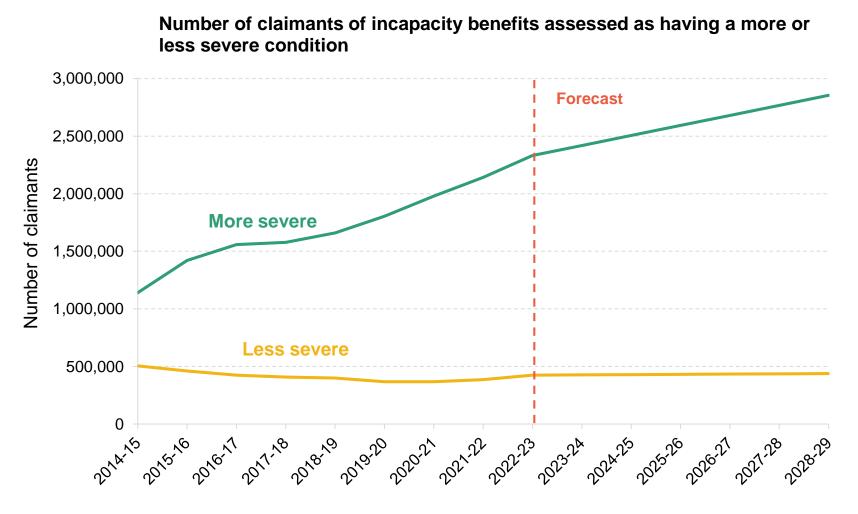


- 40% of private renters receive support with their housing costs
- Since April 2020, caps on support (LHA rates) have been frozen
- At a time of rapidly rising rents this has created huge affordability pressures
- Extent varies across areas since rents have grown differentially
- Next year LHA rates will be increased back to 30th percentile of local rent levels, costing £1.3 billion
- But still frozen thereafter no indexation to rents

Distributional analysis – 2027-28



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Note: Years 2023-24 to 2027-28 are linearly interpolated. Source: Authors' calculations using OBR, "Economic and fiscal outlook – November 2023" and OBR, "Fiscal risks and sustainability – July 2023"

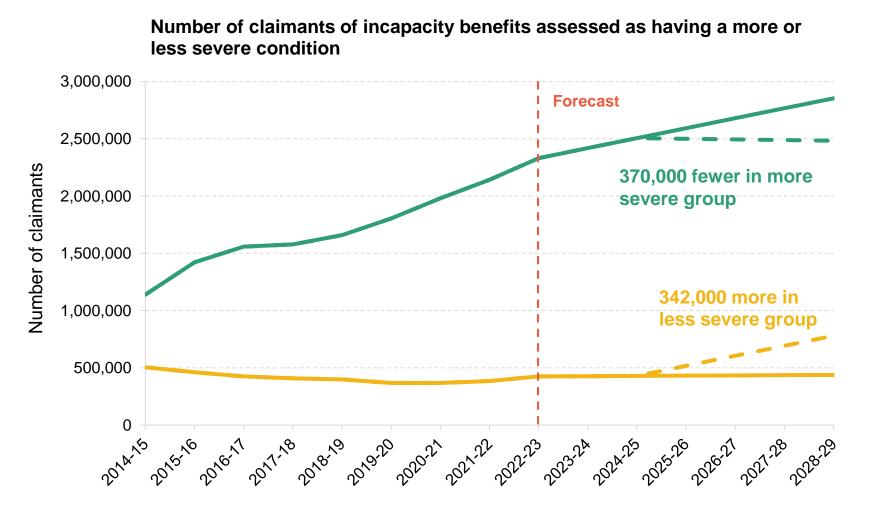
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Changes for **new** claimants from April 2025:

- Severely limited mobility will no longer lead to assignment to more severe group
- Raise threshold for assignment to more severe group due to 'Substantial Risk'.

Changes for **existing** claimants from April 2025:

• Abolish reassessments, no chance of losing benefit income



Note: Years 2023-24 to 2027-28 are linearly interpolated. Source: Authors' calculations using OBR, "Economic and fiscal outlook – November 2023" and OBR, "Fiscal risks and sustainability – July 2023"

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Changes for new claimants:

- Severely limited mobility will no longer lead to assignment to more severe group
- Raise 'Substantial Risk'. threshold for assignment to more severe group

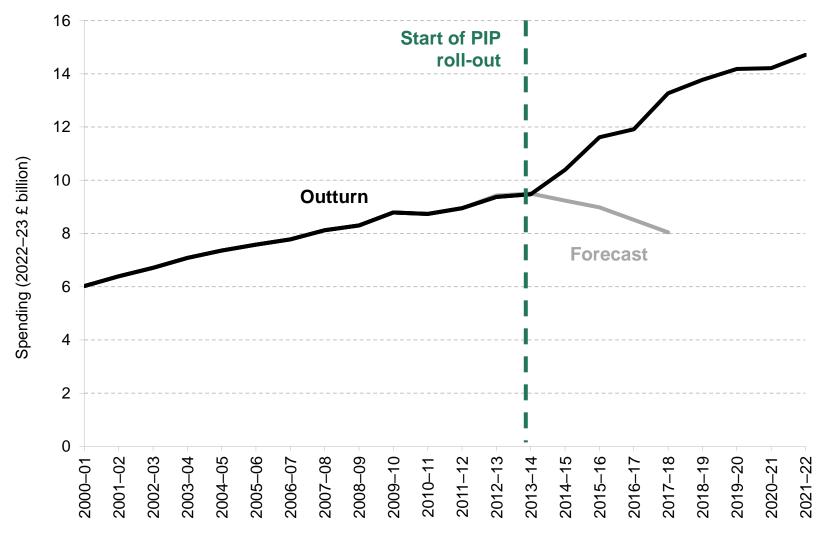
For existing claimants:

• Abolish reassessments, no chance of losing benefit income

BUT...

- Only short-run impact, as assessment due to be scrapped in next few years
- In future, eligibility will depend on PIP receipt caseload rapidly rising

Previous reforms have failed to deliver II IFS OF CARE CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR



Source: Cribb et al. (2022), "Living standards of working-age disability benefits recipients in the UK

Summary



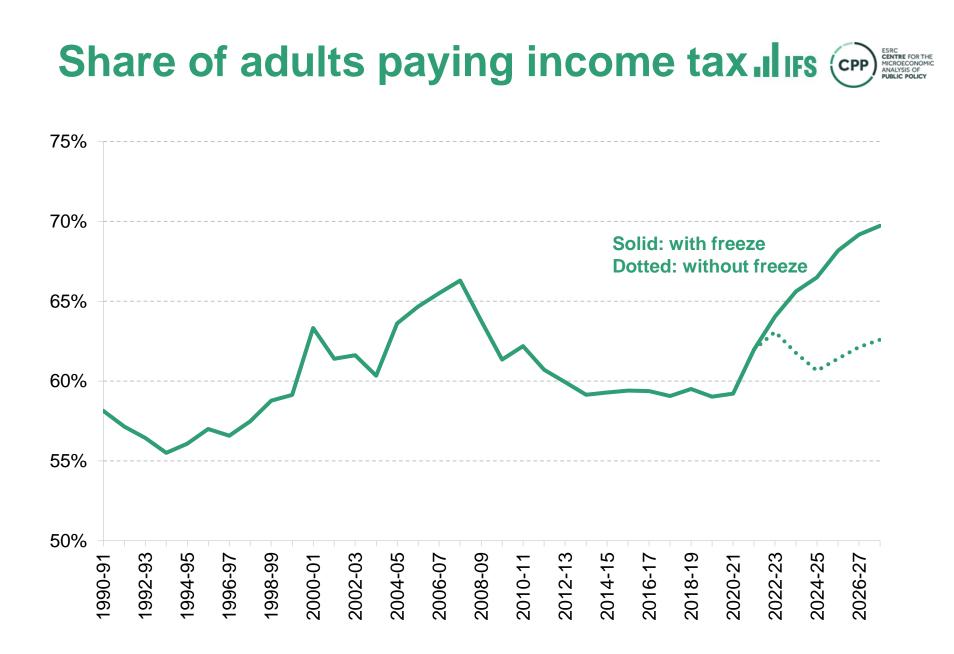
- Visible cuts to National Insurance contributions lower taxes for almost 30 million, but long way off undoing less visible increases from freezing thresholds
- Rebasing LHA rates will alleviate pressures temporarily.
 - Repeat of past mistakes no indexation
- Changes to assessment for incapacity benefit set to reduce caseload.
 - Deliver some short-run savings
 - Long-term fiscal risk relates to PIP which is unaffected

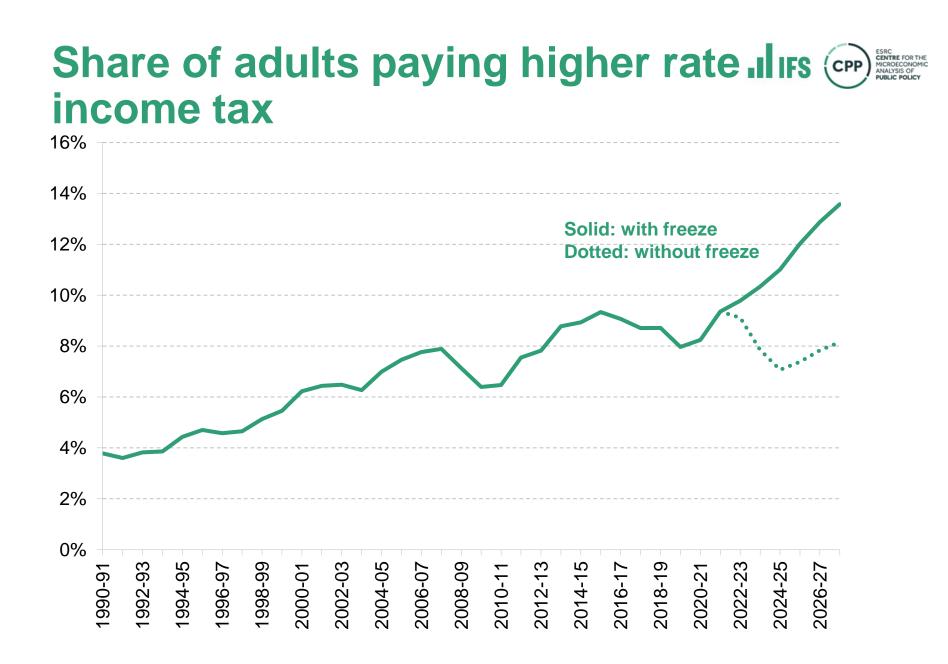
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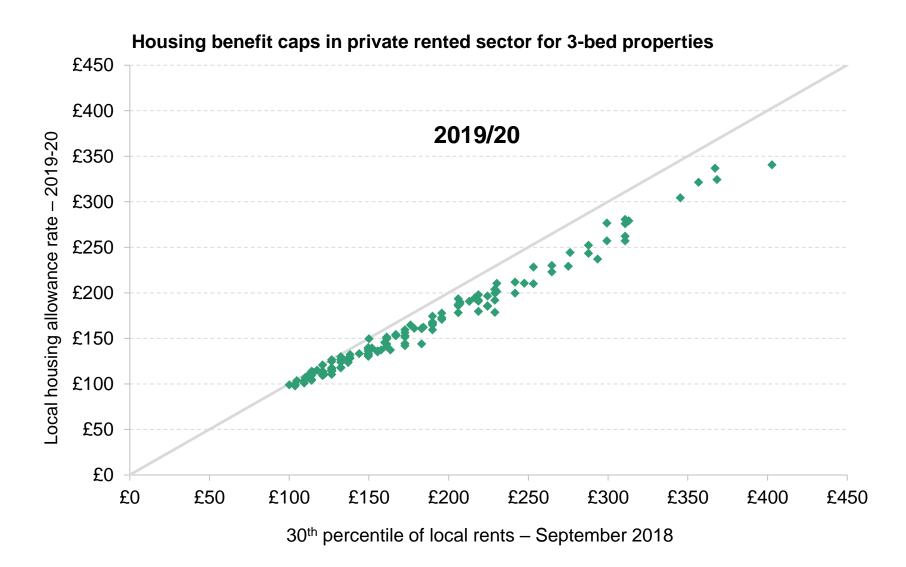




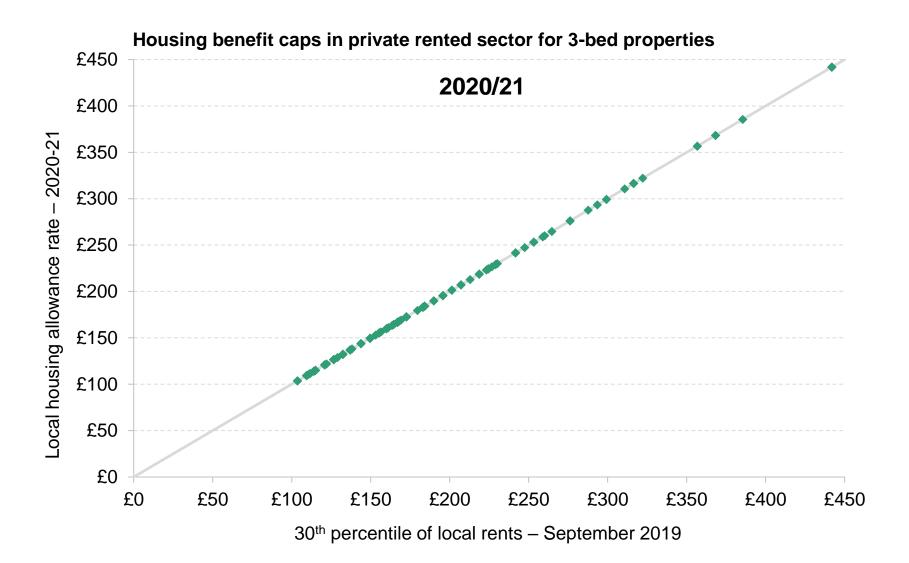




LHA changes only a temporary solution



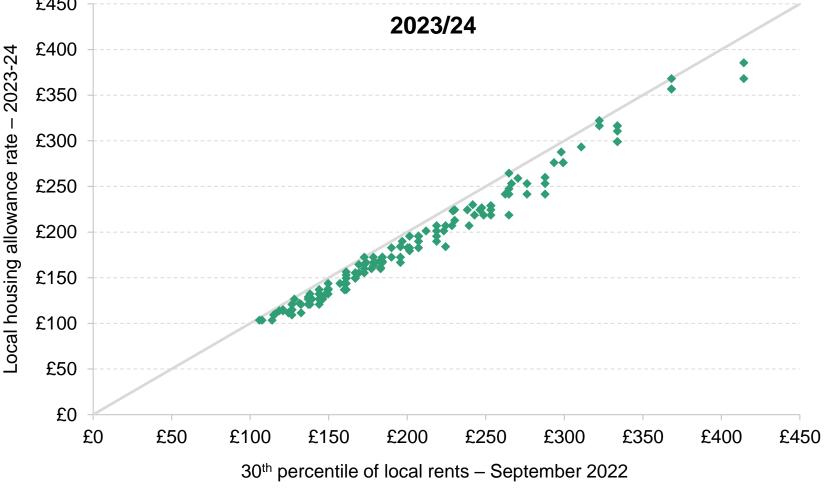
LHA changes only a temporary solution



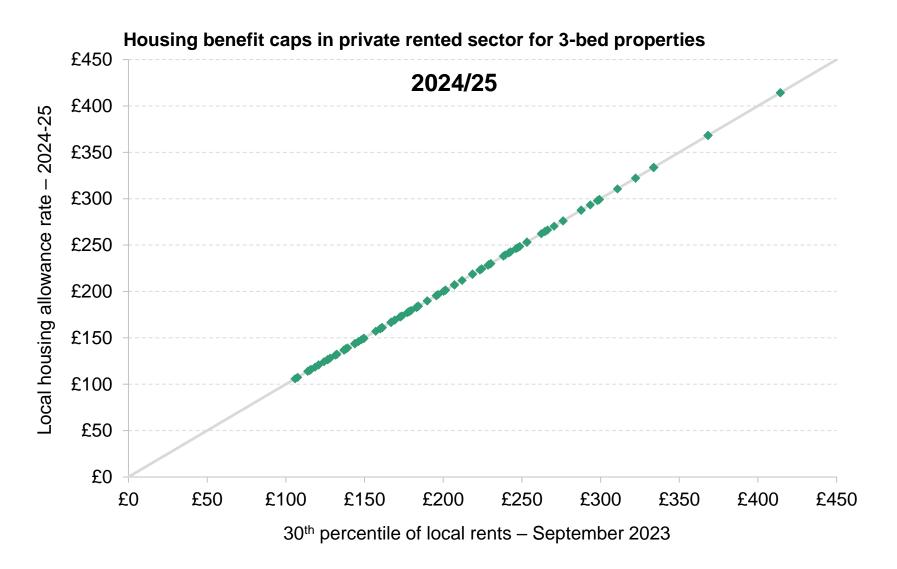
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LHA changes only a temporary solution



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